

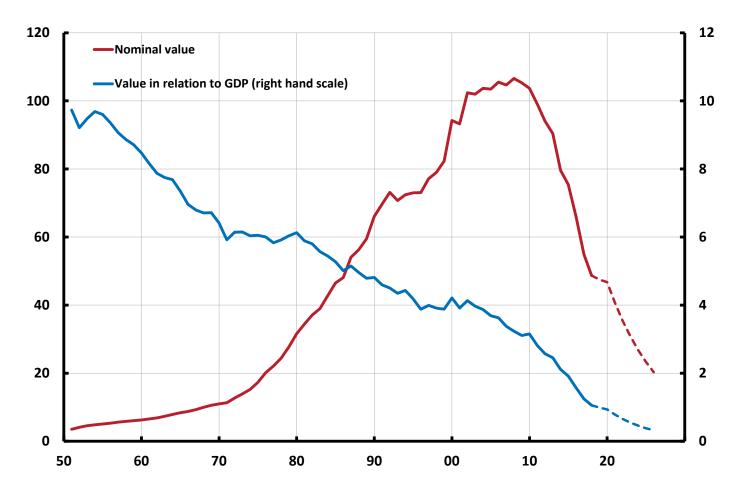


Stefan Ingves,

Governor of the Riksbank



Rapidly declining use of cash



SEK billion (annual average). Cash in circulation/GDP. Broken lines estimate possible development based on trend from 2010.

Source: Statistics Sweden and the Riksbank



What is money?

Means of payment

+

Unit of account

+

A store of value

=

MONEY



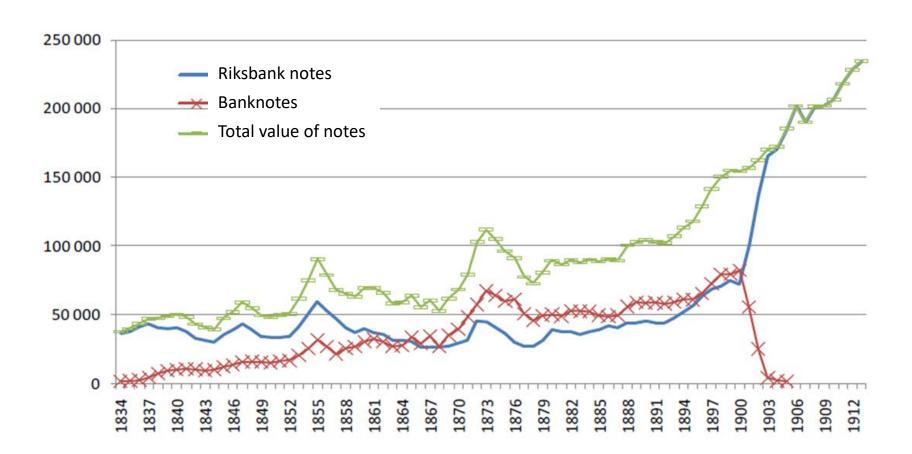


Huge coins became convenient banknotes

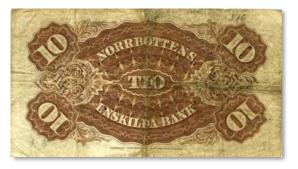












SEK thousands. Banknotes issued by commercial banks and the Riksbank, 1834-1913.

Sources: Ögren, A. (2003) Post & Inrikes tidning 1835-1871, Sammandrag af Bankernas uppgifter (Summary of the banks' tasks), 1871-1911, Sveriges Riksbank (1931)





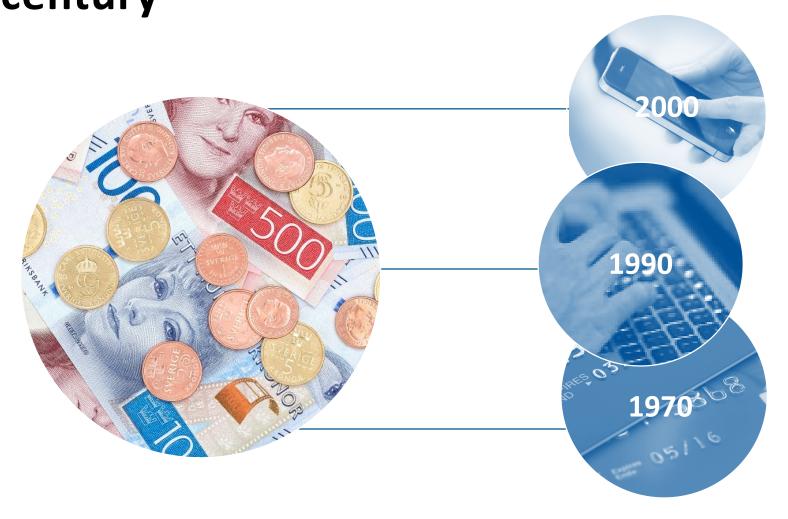
- 1925: Postgirot formed
 - Government initiative to simplify transfers

• 1950: Standardised paper form for bank credit transfers

• 1959: Bankgirocentralen formed

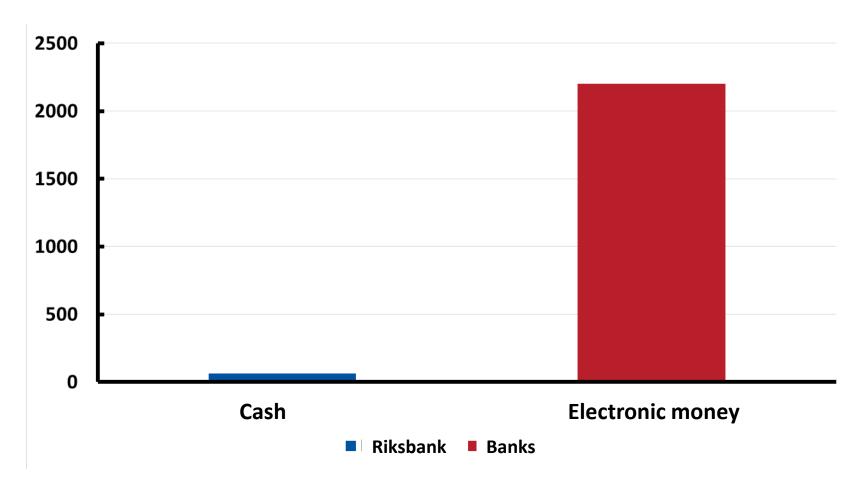
Several new means of payment in the 20th century







Only 2% of today's money is cash



SEK billions Source: Sveriges Riksbank



The difference between money and money





The payment market has many imperfections

- Confidence in the currency a collective utility
 - Government involvement justified for efficiency
- Economies of scale and network externalities lead to concentration in monopoly systems
 - Vulnerable, inefficient, worse for innovation
- Positive network externalities
 - Cooperation and standardisation effective



Efficiency gains of coordination









Account-based payments demand large IT systems

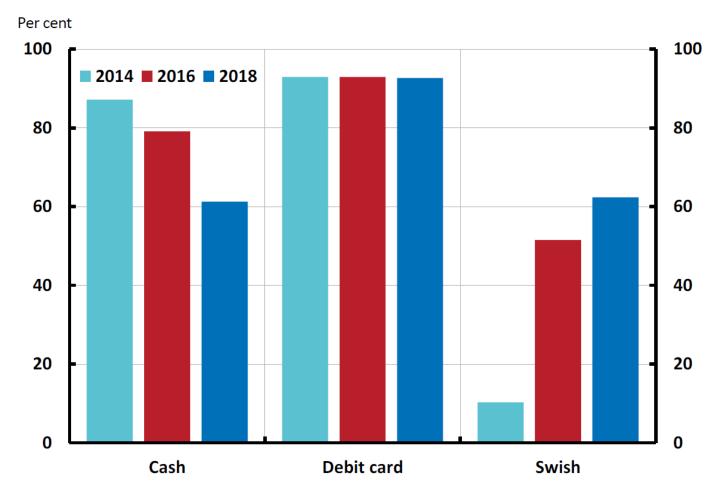
All roads in SEK lead to RIX











Note. The figure shows responses to the question: Which means of payment have you used in the past month?



Trends – where are we heading?

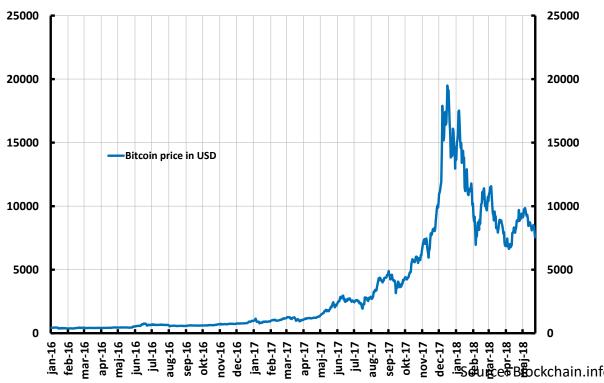
- Reduced cash usage
- Instant payments probably the norm for how we will pay in the future
- New consumption patterns and new players
- Migration to foreign infrastructure and gradual adjustment of Swedish payment services to EU standards



Crypto-currencies are not money

- What is money?
 - Means of payment
 - Unit of account
 - A store of value
- Bitcoin is a speculative virtual asset whose value has no guarantee







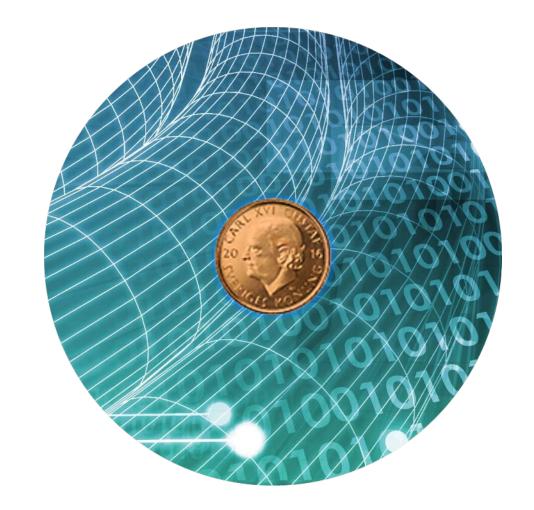


- Market imperfections lead to inefficient monopolies
- Difficult to regulate a monopoly, e-krona replaces cash as back-stop
- Certain groups find it difficult to cope with today's digital solutions
 - The private market cannot be expected to solve this itself
- The Riksbank's means of payment can be prepared for crisis situations
 - The private market does not consider this kind of vulnerability



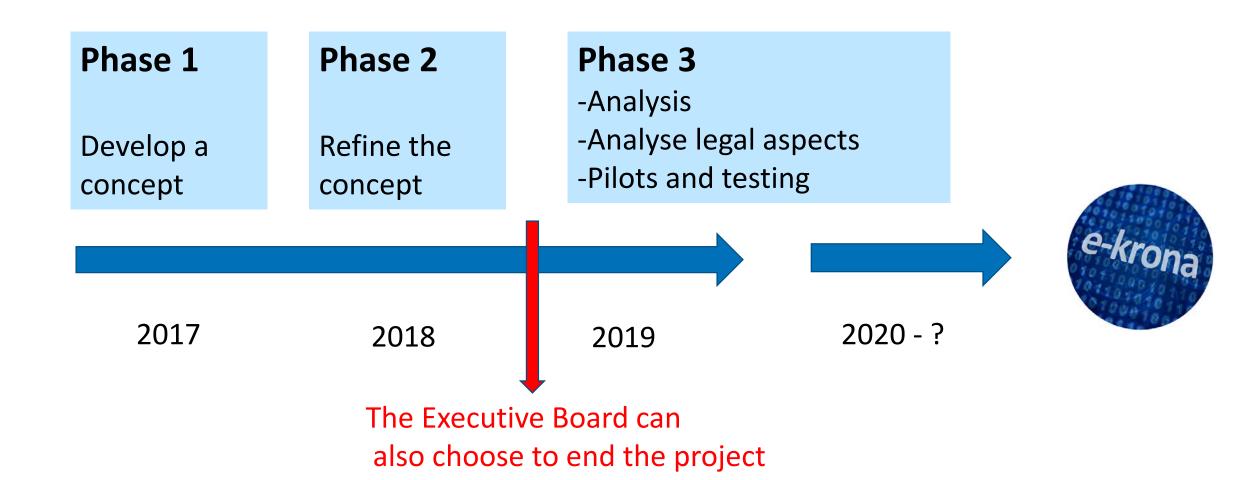
E-krona: future means of payment?

- Possible properties of an ekrona need further analysis
- Legislation will be needed for clarity's sake – current legislation obsolete
- E-krona's properties must determine choice of technical solution



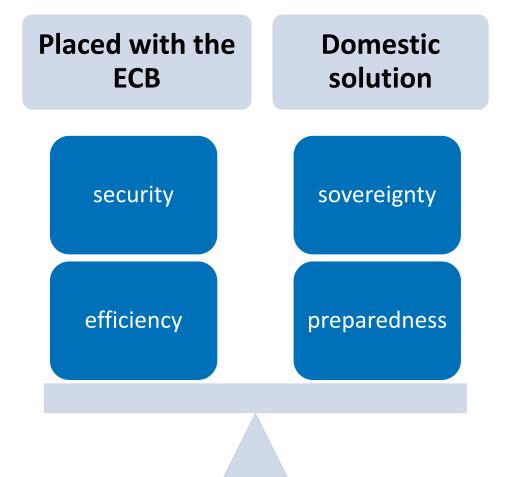


An e-krona? The Riksbank's overall timetable



The infrastructure – the technical platform – does not have to be in Sweden





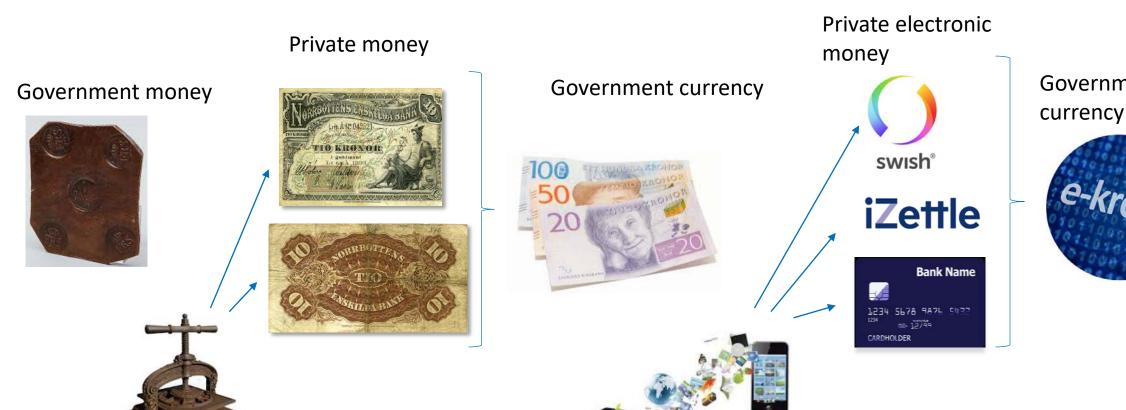




- Given the increased significance of instant payments, the Riksbank should provide an infrastructure for instant settlement in central bank money
- Consultation on extended opening hours in RIX
- E-krona decision at the end of the year
- The Riksbank's settlement services to be modernised
- Continued cooperation with the market

Money has been adjusted to technology and needs throughout history





Government electronic currency





Thank you!